# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2019 REGULAR SESSION**

## ENGROSSED

## **Committee Substitute**

### for

## House Bill 2362

BY DELEGATES MILLER, SHOTT, CAMPBELL, LOVEJOY,

CANESTRARO, MAYNARD, HORNBUCKLE, SUMMERS AND

ROBINSON

[Introduced January 14, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §3-3-5c of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
to procedures for voting an emergency absentee ballot by qualified voters; and providing
a mechanism to allow a qualified voter who is confined to a specific location within the
county other than a hospital or other duly licensed health care facility or a nursing home
and is prevented from travelling to a polling place and voting in person because of illness,
injury or other medical reason, or a physical disability or immobility due to extreme
advanced age.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

PREAMBLE: The Act shall be known as the "Ardala Miller Memorial Act."

### **ARTICLE 3. VOTING BY ABSENTEES.**

### §3-3-5c. Procedures for voting an emergency absentee ballot by qualified voters.

(a) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a person qualified to vote an
 emergency absentee ballot, as provided in §3-3-1(c) of this code may vote an emergency
 absentee ballot under the procedures established in this section.

4 (2) The county commission may adopt a policy extending the emergency absentee voting
5 procedures to:

- 6 (1) (A) Hospitals or other duly licensed health care facilities within an adjacent county or
- 7 within 35 five miles of the county seat; or
- 8 (2) (B) Nursing homes within the county; *Provided,* That or
- 9 (C) Any qualified voter who is confined to a specific location within the county on or after

10 the seventh day preceding an election and prevented from travelling to a polling place and voting

- 11 in person because of:
- 12 (i) Illness, injury or other medical reason; or
- 13 (ii) Physical disability; or
- 14 (iii) Immobility due to extreme advanced age.

(3) The policy is to adopted under this subsection shall be adopted by the county
commission at least 90 days prior to the election that will be affected. and A copy of the policy is
to shall be filed with the Secretary of State.

(b) On or before the 56th day preceding the date on which any election is to be held the
official designated to supervise and conduct absentee voting shall notify the county commission
of the number of sets of emergency absentee ballot commissioners which he or she determines
necessary to perform the duties and functions pursuant to this section.

22 (c) A set of emergency absentee ballot commissioners at-large shall consist of two 23 persons with different political party affiliations appointed by the county commission in accordance 24 with the procedure prescribed for the appointment of election commissioners under the provisions 25 of §3-1-1 et seq. of this code. Emergency absentee ballot commissioners have the same 26 gualifications and rights and take the same oath required under the provisions of this chapter for 27 commissioners of elections. Emergency absentee ballot commissioners are to be compensated 28 for services and expenses in the same manner as commissioners of election or poll clerks 29 obtaining and delivering election supplies under the provisions of §3-1-44 of this code.

30 (d) Upon request of the voter or a member of the voter's immediate family or, when the 31 county commission has adopted a policy to provide emergency absentee voting services to 32 nursing home residents within the county, upon request of a staff member of the nursing home. 33 the official designated to supervise and conduct absentee voting, upon receiving a proper request 34 for voting an emergency absentee ballot no earlier than the seventh day next preceding the 35 election and no later than noon of election day shall supply to the emergency absentee ballot commissioners the application for voting an emergency absentee ballot and the balloting 36 37 materials. The emergency absentee ballot application is to be prescribed by the Secretary of State 38 and is to include the name, residence address and political party affiliation of the voter, the date, location and reason for confinement in the case of an emergency, and the name of the attending 39 40 physician.

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(e) The application for an emergency absentee ballot is to be signed by the person applying. If the person applying for an emergency absentee ballot is unable to sign his or her application because of illiteracy or physical disability, he or she is to make his or her mark on the signature line provided for an illiterate or disabled applicant, the mark is to be witnessed. The person assisting the voter and witnessing the mark of the voter shall sign his or her name in the space provided.

47 (f) A declaration is to be completed and signed by each of the emergency absentee ballot
48 commissioners, stating their names, the date on which they appeared at the place of confinement
49 of the person applying for an emergency absentee ballot and the particulars of the confinement.

50 (g) At least one of the emergency absentee ballot commissioners receiving the balloting 51 materials shall sign a receipt which is to be attached to the application form. Each of the 52 emergency absentee ballot commissioners shall deliver the materials to the absent voter, await 53 his or her completion of the application and ballot and return the application and the ballot to the 54 official designated to supervise and conduct absentee voting. Upon delivering the application and 55 the voted ballot to the official, the emergency absentee ballot commissioners shall sign an oath 56 that no person other than the absent voter voted the ballot. The application and the voted ballot 57 are to be returned to the official designated to supervise and conduct absentee voting prior to the 58 close of the polls on election day. Any ballots received by the official after the time that delivery 59 may reasonably be made but before the closing of the polls are to be delivered to the canvassing 60 board along with the absentee ballots challenged in accordance with the provisions of §3-3-10 of 61 this code.

(h) Upon receiving the application and emergency absentee ballot, the official designated
to supervise and conduct absentee voting shall ascertain whether the application is complete,
whether the voter appears to be eligible to vote an emergency absentee ballot, and whether the
voter is properly registered to vote with the office of the clerk of the county commission. If the
voter is found to be properly registered in the precinct shown on the application, the ballot is to be

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67 delivered to the precinct election commissioner pursuant to §3-3-7 of this code. If the voter is

68 found not to be registered or is otherwise ineligible to vote an emergency ballot, the ballot is to be

69 challenged for the appropriate reason provided for in §3-3-10 of this code.

(i) If either or both of the emergency absentee ballot commissioners refuse to sign any
application for voting an emergency absentee ballot, the voter may vote as an emergency
absentee and the ballot will be challenged in accordance with the provisions of §3-3-10 of this

rde, in addition to those absentee ballots subject to challenge as provided in that section.

74 (j) Any voter who receives assistance in voting an emergency absentee ballot shall comply

75 with the provisions of §3-3-6 of this code. Any other provisions of this chapter relating to absentee

76 ballots not altered by the provisions of this section are to govern the treatment of emergency

absentee ballots.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide a mechanism to allow a qualified voter to vote by absentee ballot if:

(1) The person is confined to a specific location within the county (other than a hospital or other duly licensed health care facility or a nursing home); and

(2) Is prevented from travelling to a polling place and voting in person because of illness, injury or other medical reason, or a physical disability or immobility due to extreme advanced age.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.